

## Thinking of the Development Cooperation and the Real World from the Point of View of SDGs

MATSUSHITA Kiyoshi\*

The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) attract people's attention around the world. It's said SDGs are the blueprint to achieve a better and more sustainable future for all. They address the global challenges we face, including those related to poverty, inequality, climate change, environmental degradation, peace and justice. The 17 Goals are all interconnected, and in order to leave no one behind. It is important that we achieve them all by 2030. In this sense, they are recognized globally as essential to the future sustainability of our world.

Then, to realize the goals, this plan of action calls on the contribution from all elements of society, including local and national governments, business, industry and individuals. To be successful, the process requires consensus, collaboration and innovation. Especially the successful sustainable development agenda requires partnerships between governments, the private sector and civil society. These inclusive global partnerships built upon principles and values, a shared vision, and shared goals that place people and the planet at the center, are needed at the global, regional, national and local level.

First this paper will argue the possibility and actual reality of the goals ,considering of peoples in Global South who live and work under severe social and political conditions, and review the goals based on one book, this is SHIGETA, MAZAKI, and SAKAMOTO, eds. A Theory of Global Cooperation in the Time of SDGs.

The second section lays out some of key concepts in relation with neoliberal globalization, including human security, the civil society, public sphere, and social and solidarity economy (SSE).

The next section analyzes a series of hollowing out and disempowerment of democracy by neoliberal reason. The fourth describes the counterhegemonic globalization and participatory democracy.

Finally this paper proposes various possibilities of the restructuring of post-neoliberalism based on the multilayered democratic governance from below by autonomous social movements and civil society.

\* AAIJ member,  
Professor Emeritus, Ritsumeikan University

# A Consideration on the 2016-2017 Candle Demonstrations in South Korea On the New Subjects of Social Movements

MUN Gyongsu\*

The 2016-2017 Candle Demonstrations in South Korea were a series of peaceful protests against President Park Geun-hye that occurred throughout South Korea from November 2016 to March 2017. After the initial demonstrations on October 26, 2016, A total of 17 million South Korean citizen denounced the Park administration's political scandal and called for the resignation of Park Geun-hye.

This candle demonstration, which was realized by overcoming the reaction of the conservative right-wing administration of Lee Myung-bak and Park Geun-hye for nearly 10 years and the distortion of the neoliberal society, further enhanced the quality of Korean democracy.

The purpose of this research is to examine the nature of the candle demonstration as a social movement, referring to the theories on multitudes and new feminism as a problem of the formation of a new subject for opposition under neoliberalism.

\*AAIJ member  
Professor, Ritsumeikan University

## Extrajudicial Killings under the Duterte Administration: A Preliminary Study of Political Violence in the Philippines

YAMANE Takeshi\*

This preliminary study explores the extrajudicial killings in the Philippines under Rodrigo Duterte administration, especially focusing on the killings of the left-leaning activists, members of labor and peasant organizations, members and supporters of the left-wing political party, journalists and so on, and then considers several factors and conditions related to the killings.

It argues that the collapse of peace talks between the government of the Philippines and Communist Party of the Philippines (CPP) / New People's Army (NPA), red-tagging and attacks on "front organizations" of the CPP / NPA in the name of "war on terror", and glass-roots counterinsurgency operations of the Armed Forces of the Philippines are pointed out as related factors and background conditions of the extrajudicial killings in the Philippines.

\* AAIJ Member,  
Associate Professor, Fukuoka Women's University